

A NEW DRIVE FOR CALAIS IS BEING MADE AT ANY COST

Germans Force British and Belgians Back But Fail So Far To Break the Line—Loss Is Terrible But Neither Side Weakens

REINFORCEMENTS ARE BEING RUSHED UP

Drive Greater Even Than That of October When Orders Were To Break Through To the Channel At Any Cost But Could Not

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, April 25.—What is expected to be the fiercest battle of the war along the entire western front is now developing in tremendous proportions along the Yser, from Ypres to north of Dixmude, with the Germans driving against the British and Belgian lines in numbers greater than even the famous drive of last October, when the orders were to force the positions and clear the way to the Channel ports at any cost.

The present drive of the Germans is apparently aimed at Calais, and the fierceness of the assault in force has driven back the British for some distance, but without breaking their line. Reinforcements are being rushed to the support of the regiments holding back the Germans, and the progress of the battle during the next few days will be intense.

Crossed the Yser

The Germans have crossed the Yser and seized a number of the villages north of Dixmude, which they are holding to tenaciously in the face of furious counter attacks from the Belgians. The British have stemmed the advance and are holding it from their new positions.

The slaughter is terrific, the Germans losing heaviest from their aggressive against the British trenches, but they continue to pile their forces to the front. The attack has already cost them as heavily as their former furious drive, but they are in greater force and show no signs of weakening.

Germans Report Gains
No details of the losses are being announced from the war office, but Berlin reports state that the Germans have seized the villages of Langemark, P'terstrasse, Hetas and Pilsen, all on the north of the Ypres canal, taking 1600 prisoners. Another unnamed position is claimed near Ypres, where 2500 prisoners were taken, with a number of guns, including some heavy pieces.

The German official announcement contains also a charge that the Allies are using asphyxiating bombs, stifling the Germans in their trenches.

PARIS SAYS ADVANCE STOPPED GREENBRIER CREW HAD ADVENTURES PLENTY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, April 24.—The crew of the lost American steamship Greenbrier, which was sunk by a German mine, arrived here today, after a voyage of many adventures.

The Greenbrier was one of the American vessels to make a test voyage when the fate of unencumbered goods consigned to Germany was yet in doubt. She sailed February 25 from Charleston, South Carolina, with cotton for Bremen, was stopped by a British patrol and taken into Kirkwall on March 12, but after being held three days was allowed to clear, again and arrived in Bremen March 22.

The day following the entire crew was arrested, but after having established that none of them was a subject of an enemy power, was liberated, and on March 29 the Greenbrier cleared for New York. She fouled a mine in the North Sea April 3 and was sunk.

BIG GUN TO HOLD MANILA TESTED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, April 25.—Secretary of War Garrison and Brigadier General E. A. Tamm, chief of staff, visited the Sand Hook proving grounds yesterday to witness a test firing of the two fourteen inch rifles made for the defense of the harbor of Manila. The tests, which included gunfire tests and stability proved most successful.

CZAR VISITS HIS NEW CITY LEMBERG

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PETROGRAD, April 25.—The czar has been at Lemberg in conference with Grand Duke Nicholas with reference to the Constantinian campaign. Addressing a group of staff, he said: "Thank you for your service. Long live indivisible Russia."

Appeal To The Hague To Come To China's Aid

Six Companies Say People of China Do Not Trust Yuan

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—An appeal to the Hague tribunal for aid for China in her determination to resist the twenty-one demands being pressed by Japan was called to the Hague last night by the heads of the six companies. The appeal calls upon the nations of the world to prevent the threatened spoliation of China and the reduction to a dependency of a sovereign state.

The cable states that China is menaced at home as well as from Japan, and the Chinese nation cannot depend upon its own government to secure justice, even now, when the integrity and the sovereignty of China is at stake.

Yuan Not Trusted
There is no representative government in China, says the appeal, and no parliament to speak for the Chinese people.

All the negotiations are being carried on by Yuan Shih-kai, who is not a constitutional President and in whom the Chinese have no faith. He is declining even to take the people of China into his confidence in a matter that affects directly their whole future as a people, and he is consulting with none who represent the Chinese people.

So little is Yuan Shih-kai willing to trust the people of China, or the opinion of the world at large, that he is still keeping the number and the nature of the demands made from Tokyo secret.

EMDEN'S CREW REACH FRIENDS

After Adventurous Voyage and Perilous March Germans Join Turks

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, April 24.—After dodging for months about the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Persia in the stolen yacht Ayesha, her crew of German sailors, formerly with the sunken cruiser Emden, have succeeded in effecting a junction with their allies, the Turks, at Erid, Arabia.

The crew were ashore on Cocos Island when the Emden was sighted by the British light cruiser Sydney. With them they had two rapid-firers which they had taken for use against the British cable station, in case it might be defended.

When the Sydney was seen bearing down, the Emden fled at full speed, leaving the landing party behind. While the chase and battle were on, the deserted party seized the schooner yacht Ayesha, belonging to the manager of the cable station, stocked her with all the provisions they could lay hands on, hoisted their rapid firers on board and sailed off. During their subsequent cruise they actually captured and sank a British merchantman.

Next the yacht was heard of off the coast of the Persian Gulf, where she was abandoned, while the crew made their way overland. They had several brushes with wild tribes of Arabs, who did not understand that they were friends, before they joined the Turkish command.

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, April 25.—A villa force yesterday met and defeated the Carranzistas under General Turle, capturing Navajon, Sonora, and driving the Turle fighters out in full retreat. The pursuit of the Carranzistas is being maintained.

A report from Villa's headquarters states that he has had a serious falling out with his chief lieutenant, General Angelus. Following his recent disastrous defeat, Villa accused his lieutenant of gross incapacity in the handling of their command, singling out some of these leaders for charges of cowardice. Among the latter he paraded General Angeles, upon whom he placed a large share of the blame for the outcome of the battle against Obregon.

CANNOT FIND BRITISH FLEET

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PETROGRAD, April 24.—The British fleet has been reported as having been sighted in the North Sea and British waters without meeting the German fleet.

WILSON MEDDLED BEYOND PRECEDENT

Senator Works Says Worst Failure of Session Was Neglect To Rebuke Him

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LOS ANGELES, April 25.—Senator Works, in an address made before the members of the University Club yesterday, declared that the worst failure of the last congress was in its inability properly to rebuke President Wilson for his illegitimate interference with the work of legislation.

"The President's interference with the work of congress was more prevalent in the last session than it has ever been, the effort to dictate regarding legislation from the White House being worse than at any time in the history of congress. The failure of congress to rebuke him for his unconstitutional activities was the worst failure of the session."

"The lobbying of the President on the Ship Purchase Bill was the most glaring example of the efforts of the administration to usurp the powers of congress, but there were many other examples, while the power of the secret camera was frequently invoked to force members to vote contrary to their own convictions."

"Undoubtedly the President was sincere in attempting to put through the administration bills, but he had no constitutional right to attempt to dictate as he did."

JAPANESE FLAG SAVED A CONSUL

Spanish Representative Hunted By a Mob, Rescued By Minister Adachi of Japan

(Special Wireless to Hawaii Shiping.)
SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.—With the safe arrival of Senor Cazo, the Spanish consul at the City of Mexico, on Texas soil yesterday, comes the dramatic story of his escape from assassination at the hands of the soldiers of General Obregon. Following the execution of the Spanish minister from Mexico, the anti-Spanish sentiment among the Carranzistas broke all bonds and the consulate was stormed by a mob. Senor Cazo fled, hotly pursued by a body of soldiers, threatening to kill him.

The consul sought refuge in the Japanese embassy, from which the mob undertook to drag him. Minister Adachi got between the soldiers and their victim and held up the Japanese flag, declaring the Carranzistas to shoot, and announcing that Cazo was under the protection of Japan. He further stated that he was prepared to resist any further attempt to seize the Spanish consul and stood ready to take the consequences.

He called upon the embassy attaches, who came armed, to the number of twenty, driving the Mexicans from the embassy and taking up guard before it. Cazo was kept safely at the Japanese embassy until it was possible for him to slip out of Mexico disguised.

MARIETTA ORDERED TO MEXICAN PORT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, April 25.—The gunboat Marietta, Commander William P. Scott, which has been in reserve at the Brooklyn navy yard, has been ordered to Vera Cruz, to join the battleship Georgia.

On the Pacific, orders have been sent to Valjejo for the destroyer Stewart to act as the flagship of Lieut. Martin K. Metcalf, commander of the Pacific torpedo flotilla, while the former flagship Whipple is to be laid up for repairs.

SWOBODA HELD IN FRANCE AS A SPY

(Special Wireless to Nippon Jiji.)
PARIS, April 24.—Raymond Schwind alias Raymond Swoboda, a German admitted, has been held on the charge of espionage. He is accused of attempting to set fire to the French liner La Touraine on a voyage from New York to France.

CLAIM ZEPPELIN DAMAGED WARSHIP

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, April 24.—The German embassy in Washington has announced that it has received information from a "reliable source" that a British battleship was severely damaged in the last raid by German Zeppelins along the Tyne.

TURKS SEE FIRST BRITISH PRISONERS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
CONSTANTINOPLE, April 24.—The first British prisoners taken by the Turks, six officers and nineteen men, were seen in the morning at Erid. The prisoners were in good health and attracted great attention.

FRENCH WOMEN DO NOT WANT ANY PEACE NOW

When France Is Free of the Foe Will Be Time To Cease Slaughter

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, April 25.—The women of France will not join in any peace movement so long as a single foreigner remains upon French soil. It is not peace that the wives and daughters of France desire now, but more and fiercer war until the German invasion has been crushed and the foe driven back beyond his own border.

Such was the reply sent to the invitation delivered to the officials of the Women's Peace Conference, called to meet at The Hague, the invitation being delivered to the representatives of the national women's organization of France by Juliette Adam.

To ask the women of France to seek arbitration, or mediation of others in the fighting at this hour, when the sons of France are gathered ready to the front, is like asking them to consent to national abdication," says the reply of the women's organizations.

NORWAY SUFFER IN WAR ZONE BLOWS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, April 25.—Two Norwegian steamers were lost in the war zone yesterday, one, the Capri, bound from Baltimore for Christians, striking a mine off Torry Island, north of Ireland, and foundering. The other was the steamer Ruth, which was submerged in the North Sea. The crews of both steamers were rescued.

In the Baltic the Finnish steamer Frack, flying, of course, the Russian flag, was torpedoed. The American ship Wilhelmina, sent with a cargo of foodstuff to test the British blockade, has arrived at Cardiff, Wales, on her return to the United States. The Wilhelmina, bound from New York to Hamburg, was seized by the British government on February 19 and held for a prize court. The ship's cargo was afterwards bought for Belgian relief.

THURSDAY PROMOTION DAY FOR GENERALS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, April 25.—Brig. Gen. Hugh L. Scott will be advanced to a major generalship on Thursday, the retirement that day of Maj. Gen. Arthur Murray, Col. Frederick Strong will succeed Brigadier General Scott as a brigadier. General Murray will continue to perform the duties of his present post as commander of the Western Department until the close of the San Francisco Exposition.

ROOSEVELT RESTS UP FOR GRILLING

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SYRACUSE, April 25.—Theodore Roosevelt, who has been on the stand in his own defense in the libel action brought against him by William Barnes Jr., rested yesterday and will rest today, in preparation for resuming the stand tomorrow for further cross-examination. It is not expected that the case will reach the jury within two weeks more.

AIRMEN SHARE IN DARDANELLES FIGHT

LONDON, April 24.—Co-operating with the bombardment of the Allies at the entrance to the Dardanelles, a French aviator has bombarded Fort Constant, killing several of the defenders. Another bomb from an aeroplane sank a German ship at Smyrna, while a third struck a railroad station. It is estimated that the Turkish defenses at Smyrna now entrenched number 25,000.

CHINA FACES A SERIOUS FAMINE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, April 24.—According to mail advices from United States Consul Baker, China is facing a famine in the provinces of Szechuan, many people starving or committing suicide to escape the terrors of hunger. Thousands in Szechuan are on the verge of starvation on account of a drought, and the price of rice has doubled.

FLOODS CONTINUE TO DAMAGE TEXAS CITIES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
AUSTIN, Texas, April 25.—The rains are continuing and the rivers in flood are reaching higher levels hourly. Mayor Woodhouse estimates that the damage done in Austin alone amounts already to a million dollars. Eighteen persons have been drowned here, fourteen of the bodies having been recovered.

SENATE REFUSES TO TINKER WITH HOMESTEAD LAW

Tables Memorial To Congress Asking Amendment To Organic Act

Committee of the Whole in Favor of Some Points But Kills the Bill

(From Sunday Advertiser.)
Senate concurrent resolution number two, introduced by Senator Baker on April 16, to memorialize congress to amend the Organic Act relative to public lands of the Territory, was tabled on Saturday on recommendation of the committee of the whole senate, Senator Metzger in the chair.

The resolution, along lines similar to those of the message read by the Governor to both houses of the legislature on April 22, placed discretionary powers in the hands of the land commissioner instead of making his duties mandatory as the Organic Act now specifies.

Senator Castle remarked, during the discussion, that the Territory was throwing away its credit, under the present system of disposing of public lands. Whether congress would act in the premises, if the legislature passed this resolution, was a question, but he thought there would be no harm done by thus memorializing the national lawmakers.

Senator Makeham opposed the measure on the ground that it would be putting too great a discretionary power in the hands of the land commissioner; if it was left to the land commissioner to say whether or not homestead lands should be issued, there would be no more homesteads given out.

Senator Rice did not want to see Hawaii go back to the old method, whereby the people had to fight to have the land homesteaded, and if the mandate of the organic act was to be removed and the land commissioner acted according to his own discretion, "all homesteading would be in danger of being blocked. Of course, the public lands, as the Governor's message said, should not be frittered away, but there was danger of going to the other extreme."

The resolution sought to amend paragraphs 8 and 9 of section 73 of the Organic Act, the first paragraph to read, in effect:

"No sale of lands for other than homestead purposes and no exchange by which Territory shall exchange lands exceeding either forty acres in area or \$5,000 in value, shall be made. No lease of agricultural lands exceeding forty acres, or of pastoral or waste lands exceeding two hundred acres shall be made without the approval of two-thirds of the board of public lands which is hereby constituted, the members of which shall be appointed by the Governor, six members to be appointed for terms of four years, provided that the land commissioner may, with the approval of the board, sell for residence lots and tracts not exceeding three acres in area, and that sales of government lands may be made upon approval of the board whenever necessary to locate thereon railroad rights of way, railroad tracks, side tracks, depot grounds, pipe lines, irrigation ditches, pumping stations, reservoirs, factories and mills and appurtenances thereto, including houses for employees, business and mercantile establishments, hotels, churches and private schools and hospital sites, and all such sales shall be limited to the amount necessary for the economical conduct of such business, provided that no such exchange of government land shall be made without the approval of two-thirds of the members of the land board and no such exchanges shall be made except to acquire lands directly for public uses."

The differences between the above paragraph and paragraph 8 of section 73 of the Organic Act, which the resolution proposed to amend, are that "business and mercantile establishments" are provided for, where "business" does not appear in the Organic Act; and "hospital sites" are provided for where they are not provided for in the Organic Act.

As far as these amendments were concerned the majority of the senate had no objection to offer, in fact they were endorsed in committee of the whole.

It was the ninth paragraph of section 73 of the Organic Act, as sought to be amended, that tabled the resolution. The Organic Act reads: "Whenever twenty-five or more persons, having the qualifications of homesteaders who have not heretofore made application under this Act shall make written application to the commissioner of public lands for the opening of agricultural lands for settlement in any locality or district. It shall be the duty of said commissioner to proceed expeditiously to survey and open for entry agricultural lands, etc." The proposed amendment provided that the commissioner may survey and open, etc., in other words, the amendment would remove the mandatory clause and make the issuance of public lands entirely discretionary with the land commissioner.

This was in sympathy with the Governor's message which suggested shutting down on the homesteading proposition in view of the small agricultural areas of these islands and the need to conserve public lands to the territory as much as possible.

A GOOD RULE FOR THE HOME

Make it a rule of your home to always keep on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safeguard against bowel complaints. It always cures promptly and no Chamberlain's is safe without it. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

Austria Bids High To Avert Italian War

But Not High Enough Yet, Say Foreign Minister

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
ROME, April 25.—That Austria is striving with all the diplomatic means at her disposal to avert war with Italy, and is inclined to go far towards purchasing the continued neutrality of the Italians was made evident here yesterday in the guarded replies made by Baron Sidney Lomino, foreign minister, to direct interrogations previous to the meeting of the cabinet ministers regarding the status of the negotiations.

Baron Lomino stated that he was not prepared to make any complete report, the negotiations being in progress, both with Vienna and with Berlin, nor was he prepared to state at what time in the near future he would be able to take the country into his confidence.

Austria Offers More
He stated, however, that Austria had advanced an offer in which further concessions for Italy were contained, this offer going further than any that had heretofore been made and rejected. That the offer now under consideration was still unsatisfactory, the foreign minister admitted.

Lieutenant General Gerardi, minister of war, stated that Italy now had available for service a force of two million men. The army, he stated, was in splendid shape, ready at the word to advance.

In view of the inability of the foreign minister to lay any definite proposals before the council, it postponed its meeting to an indefinite date.

CHICAGO STRIKE NOW HITS MANY THOUSANDS

If Arbitration Fails Lookout of Allied Trades Will Make Suffering Worse

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
CHICAGO, April 25.—The number of men now out of employment as a result of the strike and lockout of the building trades unions was increased greatly yesterday when eighty lumber yards were shut, pending a settlement of the difficulties and a resumption of work upon the thirty million dollars worth of contracts already affected.

With the lumber yard employees added to the already idle unionists, the number walking the streets without employment amounts to one hundred and thirty thousand men.

The arbitrators named by the employers and unions to meet with the State arbitration board will commence their work tomorrow, in an effort to bring an end to the strike and lockout if no compromise can be arrived at and an agreement signed between the contractors and the carpenters, all the members of the allied trades unions will be locked out, affecting many thousands more.

ITALIAN EXHIBIT IS RIFLED BY THIEVES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—A chest of silver has been stolen from the Italian exhibit at the exposition, supposedly at Genoa.

The Italian building and exhibit were dedicated by the exposition to day, with several notable Italian officials participating and a large crowd in attendance.

TEN-ROUND BOUTS LEGAL IN MINNESOTA

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
ST. PAUL, Minnesota, April 25.—Governor Hammond yesterday signed a bill which legalizes the holding of ten-round pugilistic contests in the cities of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth.

BELGIANS SENDING THANKS TO WILSON

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
THE HAGUE, April 25.—A memorial bearing the signatures of forty thousand Belgians has been mailed to President Wilson. The memorial expresses the gratitude of the Belgian people for the kindness and generosity of the people of the United States.

HOTEL KEEPERS REFUSE AID TO CONVALESCENTS

CHRISTIANIA, April 10.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Applications from some of the belligerent nations, particularly England and Germany, to use the Norwegian health resorts for convalescent officers in need of complete change before returning to the front, have been refused by the association of Norwegian hotel keepers. Only those incapacitated for further service will be received, as there will be no danger of physical clashes between British and German fighting men.

This winter has been exceptionally fine in Norway, and the resorts have been crowded with tourists who usually go to Switzerland at this time.

PORTER TELLS OF NEARLY TUMBLING INTO FIERY LAKE

Whirling Cable Nearly Topples Moving Picture Operator Over Edge

LOSS OF APPARATUS MAY FORCE ABANDONING PLAN

Ledge From Which Film Was To Have Been Exposed Collapses and Falls

Pittsburg is a place of furnaces, smoke and fire. There are cauldrons there hotter than Hades. Men have fallen into them and they buried the ingot. But they can't do even that for the man that falls into Hades.

"No," says J. F. Porter of Pittsburg, in telling of his narrow escape from being pitched into the lake of everlasting fire. "I don't care to wake from my last sleep in that pool. Probably I shouldn't have far to go to my permanent home, but I prefer to go by some other route."

May Abandon Attempt
Porter is the moving picture operator who intends to take photographs of the boiling, spouting lava from a point of vantage no other man has dared to attempt. Two dangerous accidents last Saturday and Sunday postponed his attempt indefinitely and perhaps may cause J. W. Haworth, his backer, to abandon it altogether. Haworth, who is still on the Big Island, has not yet made up his mind just what he intends to do. One moment he talks of "sticking at it" if it takes until next Christmas. Five minutes later he admits his deep discouragement. In the meantime, his crew is working to save as much as possible of the lost equipment.

The original plan was to lower a cage, in which should sit the operator, wearing an oxygen helmet, to a ledge only fifty feet above the level of the molten lava. Saturday the ledge fell into the lake. Haworth and Porter were not ready to take the hint, so Pete made it a little stronger.

Small Cable Parted
A quarter-inch cable was stretched across the pit and a five-eighths inch cable was to have been drawn after it. The revised plans were that the cable carrying Porter should be swung out over the lake on the heavier cable, after it had been anchored fast.

Proper allowance, however, had not been made for the weight of the five-eighths cable, and the smaller draw-cable parted.

With a scream of whirling pulleys, the long stretch of heavy wire raced through the guides and fell splashing into the lava.

Porter was standing close to the southwest edge of the crater. The lashing cable struck him heavily on the right arm and he narrowly missed being toppled over.

Opposite, on the northeast side, Joe Menes, a workman, had just grasped the end of the big cable when the lighter one carrying it parted. He wasn't long in letting go.

Both gave of men scrambled back from the precipice as fast as they could, for there was no telling that the sudden tug of the falling cable might not loosen an avalanche that would tumble them all pell-mell into the pit.

DE LA CRUZ PLEADS NOT GUILTY TO CHARGE

Antoinette de la Cruz has pleaded not guilty to a charge of unlawful use of explosives. He was accused of having sent a package of dynamite down a flame to Española mill. If the package had not been sent in time it would have been shot into the rollers and Manager Muir, who was standing nearby, almost certainly would have been killed.

PASTOR BRINGING A BRIDE TO LAHAINA

Accepting a call from the Hawaii Board of Missions and the Maui Aid association, Willis B. Coale, now a minister in the Oahu Methodist ministry, will come to Lahaina next August. He expects to bring with him his bride, Miss Woodford, daughter of Oberlin, who has been teaching near Cleveland for the last two years. Mr. Coale will visit all the churches in the west side of Maui and also Molokai. In the meantime the work that he will take up will be carried on by the Rev. Orville Bowditch of Paia and the Rev. Edward B. Dodge of Wailuku.

SUMMER HEAT HAS HIT THE WINDY CITY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
CHICAGO, April 25.—The thermometer here yesterday registered eighty-seven degrees, the sudden change to summer weather resulting in some suffering.

AMERICANS SUBSCRIBE FOR GERMAN BONDS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, April 25.—An American banking group has placed ten million dollars worth of nine months' Treasury exchequer bonds with their customers.